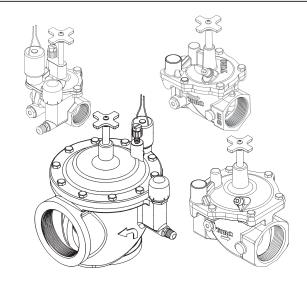


220 Series Brass Valve Installation and Operating Instructions

Introduction

Built on proven technologies and components, the Toro 220 Series brass valves are tough, have excellent performance and are extremely reliable. A self-flushing, clog-resistant, stainless-steel filter for dirty water conditions assures years of trouble-free performance.

In commercial installations, it is advantageous to install the valves in a valve box. This enables the valve to be located, accessed and maintained easily. The use of clean aggregate in the bottom of the box, and keeping valve box locations away from structures, potential hardscaping features (such as sidewalks) and large planting locations is recommended. Additionally, valve box locations generally should be in shrub beds and at right angles to structure locations. If the valves are installed below grade without a valve box, access to the top of the valve should be provided using a section of 4" PVC pipe and a Toro Valve Cover (Part No. 850-00) installed directly over each valve.



Specifications -

Models:

- 220 Series electric 1", 1¼", 1½", 2", 2½", 3"
- 220 Series hydraulic 1", 11/2", 2"
- Flow range:
 - 1" 5—40 GPM
 - 1½" 20—100 GPM
 - 1½" 20—130 GPM
 - 2" 30—180 GPM
 - 2½" 60—250 GPM
 - 3" 80—350 GPM
- Operating pressure:
 - 10—220 psi maximum
 - Pressure-regulating models:
 - Outlet: 5-30 psi, ± 3 psi (EZR-30)5-100 psi, ± 3 psi (EZR-100)
 - Inlet: 15-220 psi
- Minimum inlet/outlet pressure differential: 10 psi
- Burst pressure safety rating: 750 psi
- Body styles:
 - Globe 1", 11/4", 11/2", 2" female threads, NPT and BSP
 - Angle 2½", 3" female threads, NPT and BSP
- Solenoid: 24 V a.c.
 - Inrush: 0.40 amps, 11.50 VA
 - Holding: 0.20 amps, 5.75 VA
- Dimensions:
 - 1" 5¾" H x 5" W
 - 1½" 6½" H x 6" W
 - 1½" 6½" H x 6" W
 - 2" 7½" H x 5" W
 - 2½" 8¾" H x 8½" W
 - 3" 8¾" H x 8½" W
- Ingot brass and stainless-steel construction
- Removable, self-flushing, contamination-proof, 120-mesh, stainless-steel filter screen (electric models)
- Manual flow control: adjustable to zero flow
- Bleed screw (electric models): bleeds internally downstream
- Pressure-regulating models:
 - Precise pressure control with compact EZReg dial design
 - Pressure regulates in electric and manual modes, serviceable under pressure
 - Schrader-type valve for pressure gauge attachment

Table 1 — Friction Loss Data

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GPM Flow																			
Model	5	10	15	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	100	120	150	170	180	200	250	300	350
Electric																			
1"	2.0	2.5	1.5	2.5	5.5	7.0													
1¼"				4.4	4.7	5.1	5.5	5.8	7.2										
1½"				3.9	4.2	4.6	4.9	5.2	5.5	7.2									
2"					1.0	2.0	2.0	2.5	3.0	3.5	6.0	7.5	10.0	12.0	14.0				
2½"								2.0	2.2	2.3	2.4	2.5	3.0	4.0	4.5	5.5	7.0		
3"										2.2	2.4	2.5	3.0	4.0	4.5	5.5	6.5	7.0	7.5
Hydraulic																			
1"	<1	<1	1.5	2.5	5.5	7.0													
1¼"				2.0	2.7	3.7	4.8	6.0	8.0										
1½"				<1	1.5	2.5	3.0	4.5	5.0	8.0									
2"					<1	1.0	1.1	1.5	2.5	3.0	5.5	7.0	10.0	11.5	14.5				

Note: For optimum performance, calculate total friction loss to ensure sufficient downstream pressure. Values shown in psi.

Table 2 — Voltage Requirement (standard solenoid)

Voltage	Inlet Pressure	
22.5 V a.c.	220 psi	
21.1 V a.c.	200 psi	
20.2 V a.c.	175 psi	
19.1 V a.c.	150 psi	
18.2 V a.c.	125 psi	
17.1 V a.c.	100 psi	
16.1 V a.c.	75 psi	
16.0 V a.c.	50 psi	

Installation Guidelines

- Note the flow direction arrow in the side of the valve body and install accordingly.
- The valve can be installed at any angle without affecting operation.

Electric valves only:

- Use direct-burial irrigation control wire for connection from the controller to valves.
- Leaving a wire expansion loop at each valve location on long-run wire lengths is recommended.
- Waterproof wire splice connectors are absolutely essential for proper electric control system operation. Follow the installation instructions provided with the connectors for optimum waterproof splice protection.

Hydraulic valves only:

Note: The normally open hydraulic valve is particularly appropriate for dirty-water applications such as effluent water use. With these valves, the main-flow water supply is not utilized as a source for closing the valve. The pressure within the diaphragm chamber on a normally open valve is supplied separately through a filtered water source from the controller.

- To enable proper valve operation, the filtered water supplied to the controller and valves must be obtained from the highest source of pressure within the irrigation system. In other words, the water pressure in the control tubing from the controller to the valves must be greater than or equal to the main-flow water pressure on the inlet side of the valve
- The recommended maximum control tubing run is 1000'. Exceeding this distance may cause erratic valve operation.
- Prior to connecting the control tube to the valve fitting, the tube must be pre-filled and completely free of all debris and trapped air. A flushing adapter (model 995-02) enables the tubing to be easily attached to a standard water hose end for this procedure.
- Leaving an expansion loop at each valve location is recommended.
- Hydraulic valve control tubing should be rated for a maximum continuous working pressure of 220 psi with ¼" O.D. and ½" I.D. Toro polyethylene control tubing and fittings are recommended for this type of installation. See **Table 3** below.

Table 3 — 1/4" Control Tubing and Accessories

(2000' Coil, 1/4" x 1/8" Hard Reel)

Model 900-11 - Blue on Black color code

Model 900-12 - Yellow on Black color code

Model 900-13 - Pink on Black color code

Model 900-14 - White on Black color code

Model 900-21 - Adapter, compression to poly 1/4" to 1/4"

Model 900-24 - Adapter, 1/8" Male NPT to 1/4" poly

Model 900-30 - Metal Coupler, 1/4" to 1/4"

Model 900-40 - Retainer, 1/4"

Model 900-50 - Metal Tee 1/4" x 1/4" x 1/4"

Model 900-70 - Tubing Plug, 1/4"

Valve Operation and Adjustment

Flow Control

The flow control is used to reduce the flow and pressure to the valve outlet. By turning the control handle clockwise, the flow will gradually be reduced to zero.

- For valve models without EZReg, adjust the flow control as necessary for optimum sprinkler performance.
- For valve models with EZReg, the flow control should remain in the fully open position. Use only for emergency shut off.

Manual Bleed Knob (electric valves only)

The manual bleed knob is used to manually operate the valve. Turning the knob counterclockwise 2–3 turns allows water to bleed downstream from the diaphragm chamber, relieving pressure from the top of the diaphragm which allows the valve to open. Turning the bleed knob clockwise until finger tight, shuts off the discharge enabling pressure to build within the diaphragm chamber, causing the valve to close.

Pressure Regulation (electric valves with EZReg only)

An accurate, adjustable dial coupled with a forward-flow valve design allows the 220 series valve with EZReg to regulate downstream water pressure with precision. It can regulate accurately down to 5 GPM flow (1" model) and only requires 10 psi differential pressure to operate. The EZReg will operate during electrical and manual valve operation.

To adjust, remove the cover from the regulator dial. Turn the dial until the pointer is on the desired downstream pressure: 5–30 psi (EZR-30) or 5–100 psi (EZR-100).

Note: Due to the micro-adjustment feature of the EZReg, the dial requires several complete revolutions to move the pointer from the minimum to the maximum adjustment settings.

Operate the valve (electrically or manually). Check the flow control to confirm that it is in the fully open position. Adjust the regulator dial if necessary for optimum sprinkler operation.

To confirm the downstream pressure using a pressure gauge, remove the cap from the Schrader-type valve located directly below the EZReg. Attach a Toro pressure gauge (Model 995-51) to the Schrader-type valve for a direct reading. Adjust EZReg dial as necessary for the desired pressure.

Note: The valve will remain operational if removal of the EZReg assembly is required.